

SNT

Special Meeting #2

“Research Journey Update”

Hedieh.haddad@uni.lu

20th June 2025



The Challenge

The Tuning Bottleneck

- Constraint Programming (CP) solver performance is highly sensitive to its internal **hyperparameters**.
- Finding the best configuration manually is difficult, time-consuming, and a major barrier to using solvers effectively.
- A lot of possible parameters, but a set of parameters not always good on each problem.
- It is left to the user to manually pick the best set of parameters to obtain the best efficiency.

Research Project: Problem Statement

Problem



Large Parameter Space



Inefficient Methods



Lack of reusable framework

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Solution



Hyperparameter optimisation (HPO)

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- HPO is the process of selecting the optimal values for the algorithm's hyperparameters.
- HPO is very successful in the other fields like ML.
- HPO can improve tremendously the efficiency of the algorithms in ML.
- There are several strategies for hyper-parameter optimisation, including:
 - Grid search
 - Random search
 - Hyper-band optimisation
 - **Hamming distance**
 - **Bayesian optimization**
 - ...

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Hyperparameter optimisation (HPO)



Specialized Algorithm

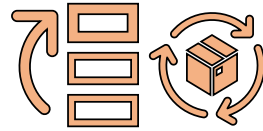
Probe and solve algorithm

Two-Phase Approach for Optimizing hyper parameters



Probing Phase

Explores various configurations using HPO methods, ranking them based on performance within a (K percent) limited time.



Solving Phase

Utilizes the top-ranked configuration from the probing phase to solve the constraint problem.



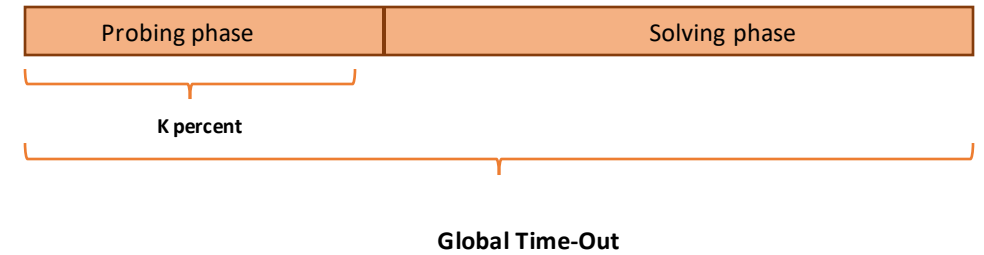
Flexibility

Algorithm adapts dynamically based on problem complexity and solver performance, enhancing efficiency.

Adaptive PSA

✓ Probing Timeout Allocation

- **Static Allocation:** Reserve fixed % of total timeout (e.g., 20%)
- **Maximum Iterations:** Limit rounds so total time isn't exceeded
- **Dynamic Stopping:** Stop if no improvement after N rounds



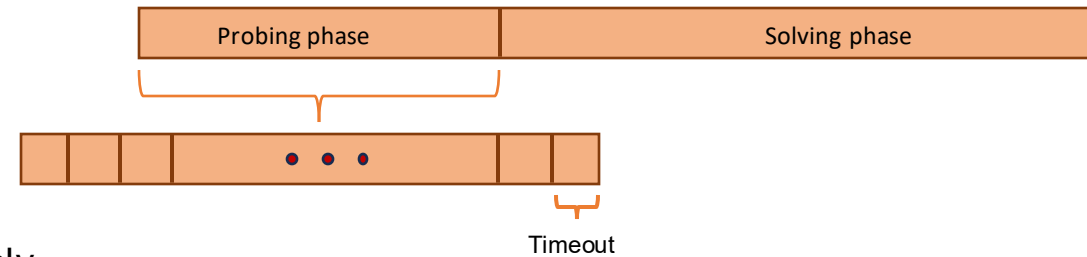
Adaptive PSA

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- **Static Allocation:** Reserve fixed % of total timeout (e.g., 20%)
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✓ Timeout Initialization Strategies

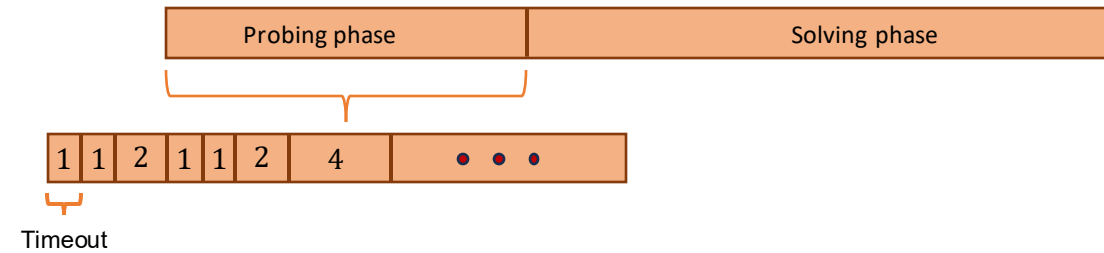
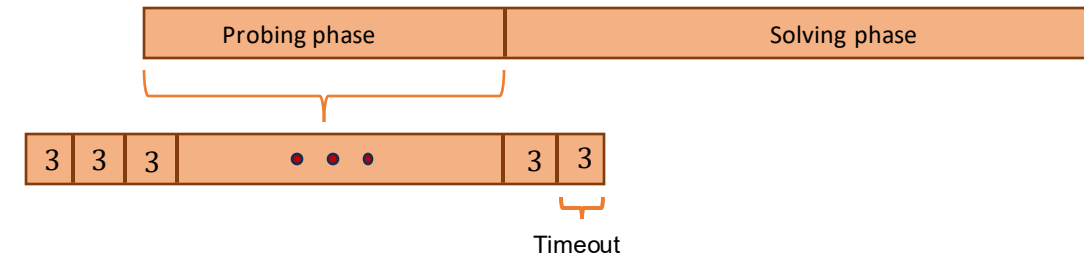
- **Fixed-Time Start:** Use fixed timeout for every round (e.g., 5s)
- **Baseline-Based Start:** Estimate baseline → adjust timeout adaptively
- **No Timeout:** Run until solution found or stopped manually



Adaptive PSA

✓ Timeout Evolution Patterns (Static vs Dynamic Timeout Patterns)

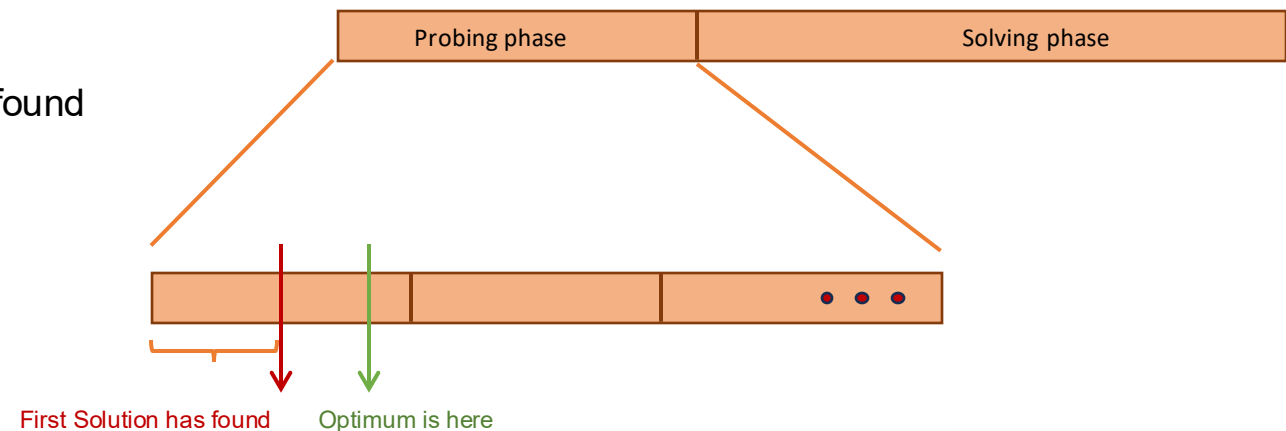
- **Flat Timeout:** Same timeout for all rounds (3–5s)
- **Progressive Increase:** Timeout increases after failure
 - **Luby Sequence:** Structured increase (1,1,2,1,1,2,4...)
 - **Geometric Multiplication:** Multiply timeout (e.g., $\times 1.5$ each failure)



Adaptive PSA

- ✓ Timeout Evolution Patterns (Static vs Dynamic Timeout Patterns)
 - **Flat Timeout:** Same timeout for all rounds (3–5s)
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- ✓ Solver Stop Conditions
 - **First Solution Found:** Stop as soon as one solution is found
 - **Timeout Reached:** Stop when time limit exceeded



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Solution



Hyperparameter optimisation (HPO)



Specialized Algorithm



Integration via Generic Library and
Validation with Widely used Solvers

Adaptive PSA

✓ Timeout Events

- *FI*

- *PI*

❖ Integrating PSA into Practice

- To apply PSA effectively, we needed a flexible, solver-independent platform
- We chose **CPMPY**: a modelling library in Python that connects to multiple solvers
- This allows PSA to work across solvers like OR-Tools and ACE with no extra setup

✓ Solver Support

- *FI*

- *Tim*

Result

- **Approaches Compared:**
 - PSA enhanced by Bayesian Optimization (HPO method).
 - PSA enhanced by Hamming Distance (HPO method).
- **Implementation Framework:**
 - All experiments conducted using CPMPY.
 - Utilized ACE solver .
- **Key Evaluation Metrics:**
 - **Objective Value:** The best objective function value achieved across all compared methods.
 - **Time to Best:** Time (in seconds) taken by each method to reach the overall best objective value.
 - **Consistency:** Number of problem instances where each specific method successfully found the best objective value.

Result

	Bayesian (PSA)		Hamming (PSA)		Result
	Objective	Runtime (s)	Objective	Runtime (s)	Winner
Instance					
Benzenoide-06	64	1.33	64	1.55	BO (Tiebreak)
Hsp-10405	198	0.63	198	0.89	BO (Tiebreak)
Hsp-aux-10405	198	0.64	198	0.68	BO (Tiebreak)
KidneyExchange-4-041	1	1.07	1	2.15	BO (Tiebreak)
KidneyExchange-4-051	1	1.69	1	2.54	BO (Tiebreak)
KidneyExchange-4-061	11	3.03	11	480.55	BO (Tiebreak)
ProgressiveParty-rally-red12-05	5	0.75	5	1.12	BO (Tiebreak)
ProgressiveParty-rally-red12-07	7	1.10	7	1.23	BO (Tiebreak)
ProgressiveParty-rally-red12-09	9	0.73	9	0.99	BO (Tiebreak)
RIP-25-0-j060-01-01	187	0.97	187	1.98	BO (Tiebreak)
RIP-25-2-j060-20-01	118	0.96	118	480.54	BO (Tiebreak)
SREFLP-CI07	1,590	1.10	1,590	1.65	BO (Tiebreak)
Sonet-s2ring02	14	0.55	14	4.57	BO (Tiebreak)
Sonet-s3ring09	22	480.45	22	480.36	HD+PSA (Tiebreak)
Sonet-s3ring13	21	480.38	21	480.36	HD+PSA (Tiebreak)
Sonet-s3ring14	23	480.39	23	480.35	HD+PSA (Tiebreak)
TSPTW2-n040w020-1	FAIL	480.41	FAIL	480.40	All Failed

Goals for 2025: Research Goals

- **Publish 2 papers:**
 1. **Constraints Journal:** “Improving Efficiency of Constraint Programming Solver by Focusing on Hyper-parameters”
 2. **A good Conference:** “Integrating Construction Standards into Constraint Programming: A Case Study on Energy Efficiency”
- **Managing the 4th CET.**
- **Synthesize PhD thesis for completion and defense.**

Thank you

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